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- VISION OF SUMMER MANAGEMENT**
- Mean Age to 32 - 33
 - Body Wt of 1.80 Kg
 - Control Heat-Stroke Mortality

To Achieve the Body Wt of 1.800 Kg by maintaining the standard Feed Intake on day-to-day basis

- Reducing shed Temperature
- Modifying Feeding Practice
- Improving Air Velocity at Bird's level
- Supplying Cold Drinking Water 24 hours

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COLD STRESS	COLD	OPTIMUM (Ambient)	WORM	HEAT STRESS
Below 10°C	10 – 18°C	18 – 24 °C	25 – 30°C	Above 30°C
Exhaustion	Adjustment	Comfort Zone	Adjustment	Exhaustion

To achieve maximum performance, Temp of the poultry shed must be kept consistently within the bird's comfort zone below 30°C

During Summer the bird expend additional energy for panting to regulate its body Temp resulting Poor Day gain & High FCR.

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**TIN
Roof
Broiler
House**



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**Inside
THATCHING**



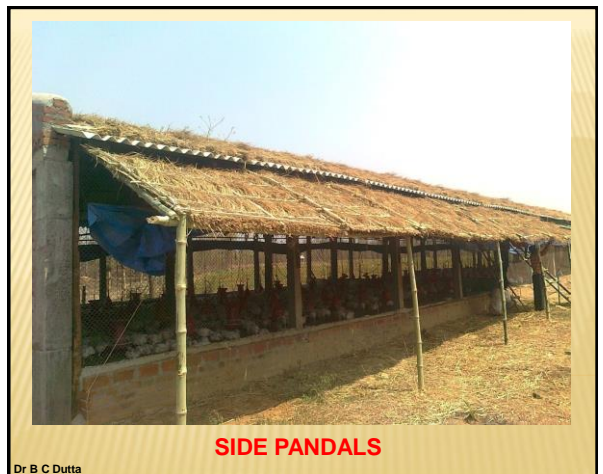
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**Outside
THATCHING**



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SIDE PANDALS

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Summer - Water Tank Management



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Feeding Practice

- 1) Frequent Feeding
- 2) Early Morning Feeding
- 3) Cool Hours Feeding
- 4) Feed Withdrawal
- 5) Gentle Walking

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Summer Daily Feeding Schedule

- ✕ Early Morning 6 am – Normal Feed
- ✕ Morning 8 am – Normal Feed
- ✕ Noon 12 – Feed Withdrawal - Lifting Feeders
- ✕ Afternoon 5 pm – Normal Feed
- ✕ Night 9 pm – Normal Feed

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Frequent Feeding

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